What is the end to end Financial Model?

The way we manage inflow and outflow

of money in our business



- 1. Chart of Accounts
- 2. Financial Reports
 - Cash Flow Statement,
 - Balance Sheet
 - Profit & Loss
- 3. Budgeting & Forecasting REVENUE (PRICE)
- 4. Internal COST Controls
- 5. Reporting, KPIs & Management Structures
- 6. Identifying & Mitigating Key Financial Risks

Financial Reports

Cash Flow Management (Price + Cost settings) **Balance Sheet** Profit + Loss (outcome of Price + Cost)

Financial Reports

Cash Flow Management

Managemei Governanc

Cash Flow Statement

Revenue (inflows) and expenditures (outflows)

Cash Flow Forecast

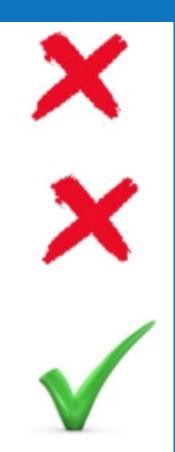
Identifies months / weeks the business will be short of cash

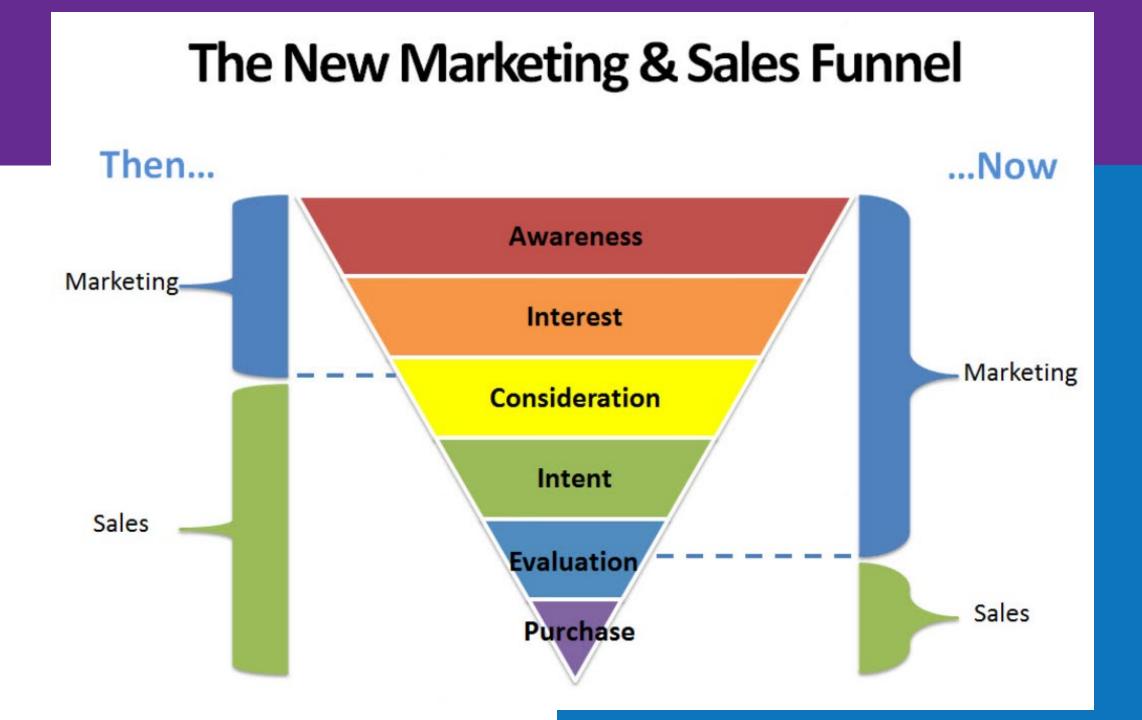
Three models of pricing/costing in a business

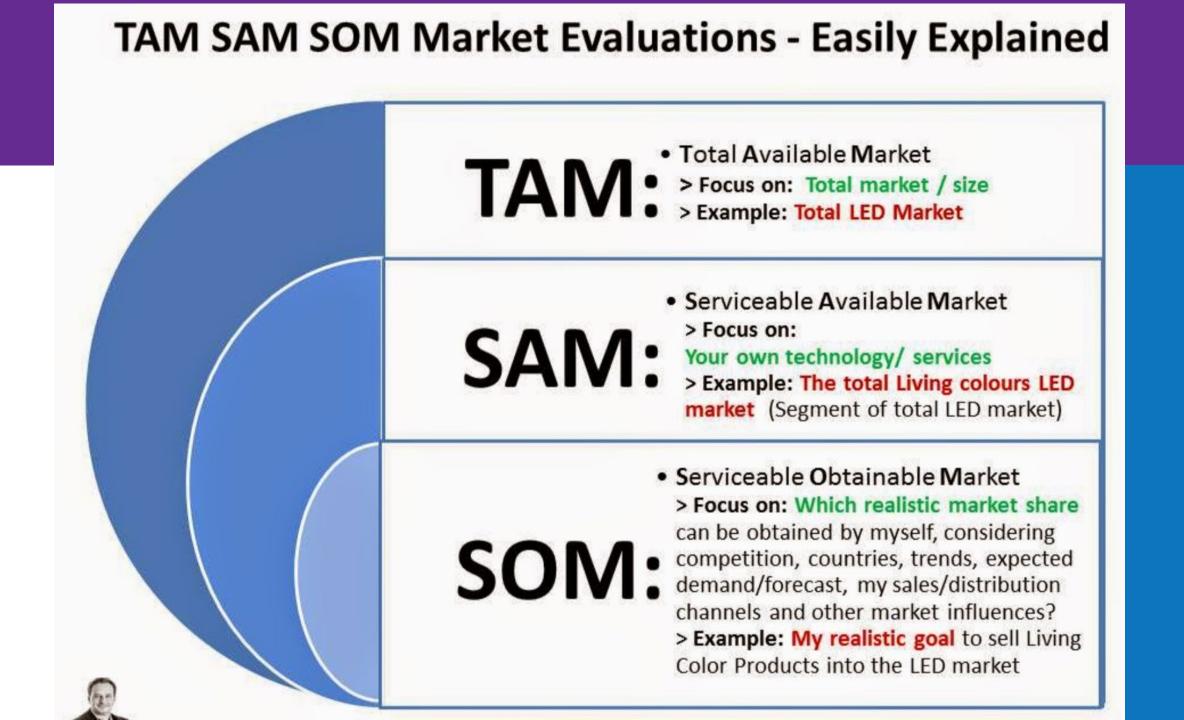
Cost + Profit = Price

Price - Cost = Profit

Price - Profit = Cost









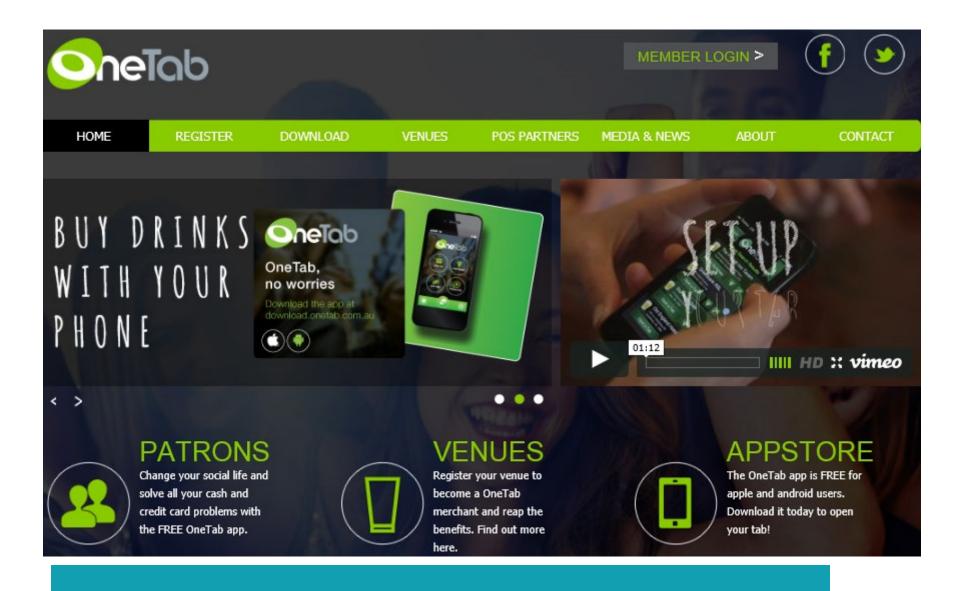
Describe Outcomes client seeks, or benefits seeking Pleasure) esires Describe what clients trying to get done, In their own **Client's** outcomes Tasks Potential NN Describe bad words. (Pains) entromes, risks obstacles related to client's tasks. 00

Top3: What are My pdts/	Your Products	Pleasure Gain	clie hit gains from my pdts/services. & solutions.
Services/solu relevant to this V.P. (& strengths & characteristics	Services	Pain Relief	Pain taken away Using my pdts/services. A solutions
			Note: What are The consequences of not habing my DV/VP?

<text><text><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></text></text>	<section-header> SOLUTION</section-header>	UNIQUE VALU PROPOSITION Single, clear, com that turns an unaw interested prospec	N pelling message vare visitor into an ct CEPT nalogy (e.g.	UNFAIR ADVANTAGE Something that can not be easily copied or bought Image: Optimized structure of the series	CUSTOMER SEGMENTS List your target customers and users Image: Comparison of the second
COST STRUCTURE List your fixed and variable costs	8		REVENUE ST		

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Lean Canvas







"Cost per landing. This service is offered for commercial aircraft. The customer pays an agreed price for each landing on Michelin tires, irrespective of the number of tires used. The stock belongs to Michelin."



Profit & Loss Statement (Outcome of Price + Cost settings)

		Bus A	Bus B
Operating Revenue			
	Buyer 1	\$895,000	\$2,226,000
	Buyer 2	\$1,426,000	\$2,934,090
	Small Buyers	\$154,000	\$325,000
Total Operating Revenue		\$2,475,000	\$5,485.090
Operating Expenditure			
	Cost of Sales	-	\$171,858
	Employee Costs	\$1657,000	\$3,573,309
	Supplies & Services	\$435,000	\$281,044
	Depreciation	\$82,000	\$40,932
	Interest Charges	\$19,000	-
	Other	\$211,000	\$1,308,255
Total Operating Expenditure		\$2,404,000	\$5,375,398
Profit		\$71,000	\$109,692

What is another term for **Operating Revenue?**

What else would you expect to see in these **Profit and Loss Statements?**

Is there enough information to determine the **costs of producing products**?

Financial Reports Profit & Loss Statement (Outcome of Price + Cost settings)

Business D (Page 14)

	Av Revenue an	d GP Contribution	by Brand 2104-7					
		Average 2014-7			YTD Dec 2017			
	Revenue	Margin (\$)	Margin (%)	Revenue	Margin (\$)	Margin (%)		
Brand A	3,404,943	435,907	12.8%	3,617,069	452,285	12.5%		
Brand B	2,319,392	333,448	14.4%	1,910,062	301,901	15.8%		
Brand C	1,453,419	274,484	18.9%	682,810	146,861	21.5%		
Brand D	103,703	17,807	17.2%	13,372	3,793	28.4%		
Brand E	1,075,802	169,477	15.8%	781,609	117,189	15.0%		
Brand F	746,640	121,182	16.2%	877,555	136,086	15.5%		
Brand H	74,815	16,998	22.7%	45,193	10,664	23.6%		
Brand I	1,227,723	238,750	19.4%	534,979	135,087	25.3%		
Brand J	1,260,116	110,753	8.8%	1,174,378	169,578	14.4%		

What is the difference between Mark Up and Margin?

Which are the **most important brands** for Business D?

Why?

Financial Ratios

Many different Financial Ratios:

assist in measuring overall health of the business.

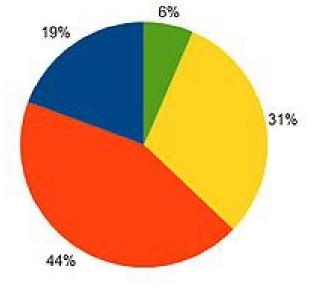
- Liquidity Measurement Ratios,
- Profitability Indicator Ratios,
- Debt Ratios,
- Operating Performance Ratios
- Cash Flow Indicator Ratios



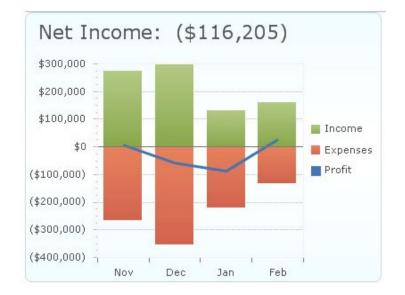
Financial Dashboard



key information in graphs, pictures or tables that are quick and easy to read.



Sales versus Products



Net Income Trend Line



Budgeting



understand and manage your finances

(no point setting a budget if you are not going to use it)

Revenue Budget

Who is buying your products and services, how much, when and where they are buying...

Expense Budget

Understand and control expenditures, fixed costs items (locked in) and variable costs...



Forecasting

understand what the future looks like



Revenue / Expense budget + Historic performance help with building up a strong forecasting tool.

Allows for "what if" questions and to build scenarios around them



Internal Controls

Protect your cash, your staff, your business

Rate your controls

Cash movement Payroll Division of duties Debtor & contractor set up Verifying & approving payments Costing & quoting Use and payment of Credit cards Use of company equipment (inc. cars) Movement of assets (inc. digital) Purchase and use of stock Financial staff employment Supply contracts entry Formal written delegation of authority Financial policies & procedures

Cost control governance

Job Descriptions / Division of Labour

> Who's who in the Zoo

Training – Budgeting/Costing

Succession planning

Controls - KPIs



Communication / Dashboards

Performance Management

Workplace Safety & Safe Workplace

Psychological Safety

Data-based Decision Making

Effective Performance Management - KPIs

Knowing and measuring expectations

KPIs help your business AND people

focus on common goals

and ensure goals stay aligned within the organisation.



Financial risks

Over / Under utilised assets

Financial – Cash flow, expenses, revenue concentration

> Capability / Needs mismatch

> > **FX Fluctuations**



Wastage / Loss of control

Reduced Customer Service

Too many Suppliers

Product/service delivery inconsistencies



Thank you







